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THE HAWAIIAN STAR.

CLASSIFIED ADS, THREE LINES, THREE TIMES TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. QUICK RESULTS

The Hawaiian Star is the paper that goes into the best homes of Honolulu

Vol. XI.

HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1903.

3447.

DONE UP BY DAVIS

VINDICATION IS WHAT HE SEEKS

Captain Frazier Late Master of The Transport Sherman is on His Way to The States to Make Things Hot.

Among the passengers on the Hong Kong Maru bound for San Francisco is Captain Frazier. He is going back for the purpose of stirring up things in the army transport service.

He was the commander of the transport Sherman at the time that the vessel went aground on an uncharted rock off the Philippines. The vessel was subsequently floated and was repaired at one of the Chinese dry docks. Captain Frazier appeared before a court of inquiry and was completely exonerated from all blame in the matter. This finding did not apparently suit General Davis the commander in chief of the American forces in the Philippines. Davis is understood to have refused to approve the findings and to have removed or caused Frazier to be removed, from the command of the vessel.

Frazier considers that he has been very shabbily treated. He proposes to have the affair taken up when he reaches home. It is said by sea faring men, that Davis was not actuated by the best interests of the service in causing Frazier's removal.

The Hong Kong Maru landed about 1,000 tons of freight at this port. She has not a very large list of passengers. The vessel got away promptly at 10 o'clock this morning for San Francisco.

A number of passengers were late in reaching the vessel and there was a rush and hurry before the gang plank was finally lowered and the vessel backed out of the Bishop slip. She expects to make San Francisco early next Monday morning. Among the passengers from this port, was Mrs. Ella Harrison.

DIMOND BILL PASSED.

The House yesterday passed the W. W. Dimond gas franchise bill on third reading, and it now goes to the Governor for signatures. There was only one vote against the bill in the House.

CHARGED WITH BURGLARY.

Jose Regi a Porto Rican was arraigned before Judge Wilcox this morning on a charge of burglary and the case was continued until tomorrow. Regi is charged with trying to break into the Chinese store at the makai corner of the Walkiki road and King street. Deputy High Sheriff Chillingworth arrested the fellow.

GAELIC MAKES COAST TODAY.

SA FRANCISCO, April 7.—The S. S. Gaelic arrived at 7 a. m. today from the Orient via Honolulu. As the result of the thorough fumigating given the vessel at Honolulu, she was not put into quarantine at this port. The vessel was fumigated at Honolulu for a case of varioloid.

The fireman is in great danger from falling bricks or timbers as well as from the flames. No fire department is properly equipped without a supply of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This liniment is unexcelled for burns and bruises. One application gives relief. Try it. All dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., general agents, sell it.

Want ads in Star cost but 25 cents.



In placing your affairs in the hands of a Trust Company, you have a right to expect that your interests will be carefully looked after. The Hawaiian Trust Company will never disappoint you.

The Trust Company lives long, stays at home, keeps well, therefore is best fitted to administer a trust.

HAWAIIAN TRUST CO., LTD

923 FORT STREET, TELEPHONE MAIN 184.

MANY VESSELS WERE SIGHTED

BARK ANDROMEDA BOUND FROM HONOLULU TO ABERDEEN WAS SIGHTED BY ALICE COOKE.

The dearth of sailing vessels in the harbor was relieved considerably yesterday by the arrival of four of the fleet from various ports.

The schooner Rosamond arrived from San Francisco after an average passage of 19 days. This is much better time than most of the sailing fleet have been making from that port. The Rosamond encountered very disagreeable weather. On the third day after leaving San Francisco, she carried away her jib-stay, and three days off Oahu, she carried away her fore-sail.

The schooner Alice Cooke arrived yesterday morning, 22 days from Port Gamble with lumber. This is quite a good record, especially when vessels from San Francisco have been making longer passages. The Alice Cooke sighted two vessels that left this port last month. Both were sighted on March 25. The first vessel seen was the schooner Forest Home bound to San Francisco and the other was the old Andromeda bound under a jury flag to Aberdeen to undergo further repairs for the lumber trade to Australia. The Andromeda was sighted in Lat. 44:13 north, Long. 140 west. She left here March 5.

The barkentine Fullerton got away yesterday afternoon for San Francisco in water ballast. The wreckage that the vessel sighted on her way down was seen in Lat. 25:18 north, Long. 140 west. It consisted of a lower mast with top attached. The spar appeared to be bright. The wreckage passed within 150 yards of the vessel. The mast was evidently not attached to anything, for it was floating flat in the water.

The bark W. B. Flint arrived off the harbor yesterday afternoon, 26 days from San Francisco. She has a general cargo of supplies for Makaweli. She will probably sail for Makaweli this afternoon. She will load a return cargo of sugar for San Francisco.

The schooner Admiral, 56 days from Newcastle, arrived yesterday morning with coal.

ESTEE'S TERM NEXT WEEK

FEDERAL COURT JURY TERM WITH SHORT CRIMINAL CALENDAR—THREE HILO CASES.

The April term of the United States District court will be opened next Monday, according to the provisions of the Organic Act. Grand and trial juries will be summoned, but in those cases it will be necessary to summon more talesmen, as a large proportion of those whose names were drawn are not American citizens and must be excused.

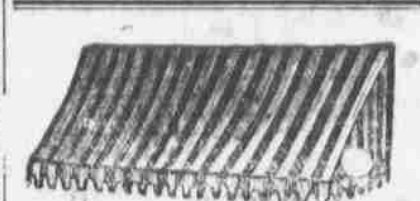
The calendar for the term is not a large one this time. Deputy Marshal Handy was sent to Hilo today by Marshal Hendry to bring back three Japanese who are charged with illicit distilling. Their cases represent three different stills raided on the island of Hawaii. Owing to the absence from Hilo of United States Commissioner Carl Smith, the defendants will have their preliminary hearing in Honolulu, before Commissioner Gill. The examinations will take place on Saturday, after the arrival of the Kinau. Handy will bring the witnesses as well as the defendants.

On the term calendar are also thirteen cases of the United States vs. H. Hackfeld & Company, the charges being of allowing Japs who were not entitled to land to escape from steamers here. One of the cases will probably be tried and will serve as a test for the others.

The other cases are that of First Mate Neilson, charged with assault and battery on the high seas. I. Miami and Hirota, charged with feloniously importing women into the country for immoral purposes.

MAIL EXPECTED TODAY.

The S. S. Nebraskan is expected this afternoon from San Francisco with four days later mail and news files.



For Tents, Awnings, Storm Curtains, Hammocks and all kinds of canvas goods. Telephone us and we will be pleased to submit samples and quote estimates.

Pearson & Potter Co., Ltd
HOTEL AND UNION STREETS.
Phone Main 317.

ENGLISH IS SHUT OUT

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE PREFER THE HAWAIIAN LANGUAGE AND HAVE TAKEN TO DEBATING IN THAT TONGUE WITHOUT ANY INTERPRETATION—LONG DISCUSSION MEANINGLESS TO THE ENGLISH-SPEAKING PUBLIC.

The House oral proceedings this morning were nearly all in Hawaiian. Since the opening of the session there has been a gradual movement toward less and less interpretation, and today the speeches of the native members, who did most of the talking, were not given in English at all, and there was a long debate which no one in the house or lobby who did not understand Hawaiian could know anything about. Interpreter Coelho stood close to the stenographer and whispered into his ear the English of the native speeches. This got them on the record and saved time, for Coelho got through with the speeches at the same time as the speakers, but it made the proceedings all native.

The new rule made little difference as far as the members of the House are concerned. All the members understand the Hawaiian language and all but one understand English at least fairly, but the English-speaking public of the Territory is shut out from the debates of the representatives under such a system.

The measure on which the new method was adopted was the bill to provide that anyone may gather mail, fens, etc., on the public lands. The debate was quite lively, Chillingworth leading the opposition to the bill by an address in which he predicted great destruction of forests if the existing restrictions were removed. Knudsen took the same view, mentioning cases of wanton destruction of ferns and trees, tending to affect the rainfall and water supply. Kaniho, Aylett, Pali, Kealawas and Kumalae supported the bill. Greenwell rose to question Kumalae about a statement he said the latter had made, but Kumalae disavowed it, and the vote was taken. The bill passed second reading by a general vote of natives.

PLANNING FOR AN EXTRA SESSION

A GENERAL FEELING IS GROWING THAT THINGS ARE SHAPING THEMSELVES OR ARE BEING SHAPED SO THAT AN EXTENSION OF THE PRESENT SESSION OR A SPECIAL ONE WILL SEEM NECESSARY.

Talk of a special or extended session of the legislature is beginning to be very general among those who are watching the proceedings of both houses and it appears as if a majority of the members had decided that such a session, or an extension of the present session, would be necessary.

So far there has been no disposition shown to take up the appropriation bills, and in the event that such bills are not disposed of the governor will have to extend the session or call an extra session. Both houses have scores of bills in program which the members are anxious to get up. Progress of work is much more rapid now than during the early days of the session.

BEETS AND BOUNTIES

OXNARD SAYS THAT THE BOUNTY SYSTEM HAS STIMULATED AN IMMENSE OVERPRODUCTION OF SUGAR IN EUROPE—AMERICAN BEET SUGAR CO. OF NEW YORK RE-ELECTS ITS DIRECTORS.

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The American beet sugar company has elected its former board of directors, for another term. Oxnard reported to the annual meeting held today that the sugar bounty system had stimulated the production of beets and brought about an immense overproduction in Europe.

ALBANIANS QUIETER.

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

SALONICA, April 7.—The Albanians are reported quieter today, no further serious disturbances having occurred.

REFORMS IN SERBIA.

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

BELGRADE, Serbia, April 7.—King Alexander has suspended the constitution temporarily and dissolved Parliament. He has appointed new officers preliminary to annulling laws which are obnoxious to the nation.

NEW ARCHBISHOP OF MANILA

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

ROME, April 7.—The announcement has just been made that Archbishop Montgomery, who was only lately made the coadjutor of Archbishop Riordan of San Francisco has been made Archbishop of Manila. This announcement comes as a great surprise as showing an unexpected extent of the Pope's consideration for the new conditions in the Philippines, and the assumption on the part of the Vatican that the Philippines are now American and are to remain American and be more and more Americanized.

Archbishop George Montgomery was born in California and served important parishes in San Francisco. He was for many years the Catholic Bishop of Southern California.

UNION PACIFIC STOCK.

Associated Press Cable to the Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—Union Pacific stock is being called in. Rumors that the company will be absorbed by the railroad trust are denied.

REPATRIATION AND DEATH

PROTEST IN AUSTRALIA OVER THE OPERATION OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS' LABORERS ACT—SAID THAT IT WILL RESULT IN GREAT HARDSHIPS AND DANGER TO MANY POLYNESIANS DEPORTED FROM THE COMMONWEALTH.

SYDNEY, March 23.—The enforcement of the law recently passed by the commonwealth Parliament excluding Chinese, Hindoos and Polynesians, and deporting those already in the country who do not voluntarily leave, is creating a good deal of outcry and protest. The Sydney Morning Herald today publishes a dispatch from Brisbane which is typical of dispatches published almost every day. It is as follows: "A number of kanakas resident near Rockhampton held a demonstration yesterday and presented the Governor with an address, a portion of which expressed thanks for the reply of Mr. Chamberlain to the petition sent through the Governor from the islanders in Queensland assuring the islanders that the British officers in the islands would help to settle those who returned in safe places. A desire was expressed that a way be found by which they would be permitted to lead a quiet and peaceful life in Queensland where most had resided for many years."

"A kanaka girl then read clearly another address regretting that under section 8 of the Pacific Islander Laborers Act it was provided that all kanakas found in Australia after the end of December, 1906, must be deported, and pleading that they might not be separated from their parents. "The Governor in reply, promised to forward both petitions to the Governor-General.

"A kanaka named Peterson, speaking good English then addressed the Governor, pointing out that the Government allowed them to settle down and buy land without saying anything. They did not want to break up their little homes. They had made up their minds to settle in Queensland, and remain there till they died. "The government on the other hand is combating this idea as is shown by the following dispatch from Melbourne published in the same issue as the other: "Fears have been expressed that the wholesale deportation of kanakas, owing to the operation of the Pacific Islander Laborers Act, will result in the islanders being starved on their islands or being killed by the natives. Sir Edmund Barton stated on Saturday night that there was a necessity for wholesale deportation. The act allowed several years for the return of kanakas to their islands. The government would do nothing without the fullest consideration, and the islands would not be allowed to suffer in any way."

"That this optimistic view of the government is not shared by everybody is shown by the following leading editorial in the Sydney Morning Herald, under the heading 'Returning the Kanakas.' "Drawing the color-line in the Commonwealth is not altogether the easy task that might be supposed. We know the difficulties raised by the sugar planters, and the partial embargoes in consequence, though Sir William Lyne assures us that this is being rapidly overcome. But there are other responsibilities besides those claimed as due to the planters, and Captain Rason, the British Commissioner resident in the New Hebrides has something to tell us on that side of the subject. It concerns our treatment of those kanakas who have been taken from their island homes to work on our plantations, and who are now to be repatriated. There are, he says, about 3000 laborers from the New Hebrides now in Queensland, and these are to be returned to their homes within two years. That will mean a rather sudden addition to the population of the group. Under the kanaka labor conditions any such step was avoided. We took 350 colored laborers from these islands each year, but then we returned 250 in the same period, so that there was no violent interference with the normal level of population. Obviously, as Captain Rason puts it, the comparatively sudden deportation of 3000 adult males would under any circumstances, have a marked effect. We have to consider these people, and we have also to consider the conditions in the New Hebrides. It is not open to us to select a group of islands like this in the Pacific and make it the scene of ill-considered experiments among the native population and the Resident Commissioner is quite within his rights in bringing the matter under notice."

"There is a question of humanity here, apart from the political one. We owe something to the men we have half civilized, although we place them beyond the color line. It would not be altogether creditable to the Commonwealth if it began its career by doing something calculated to expedite that extinction of the native races in the Pacific which we are accustomed to associate with the advance of civilization. We could not fairly say that the destructive side of civilization in these islands is only that represented by the adventurer and the beachcomber, if one of the first acts of the federal authority was to precipitate such a state of things as Captain Rason describes. If these 3000 kanakas are thus thrown among a savage and kindred population it is not difficult to predict that, in the first instance, their own partial redemption from savage conditions will be sacrificed. They will relapse into barbarism as a matter of course, and the fact would be recorded against us in history as a reproach. We owe a certain moral obligation to the rest of civilization, however awkward it may prove to discharge it. Captain Rason has done no more than his duty in making us see this clearly, and it may be hoped, in time. Then there is the question of food supplies. If the male adults of the New Hebrides be suddenly increased by one-fourth, and no provision is made to feed the increased population, we have here at once the primal elements of quarrel and dissension, especially when the contact of semi-civilized and barbarism is considered. Can it be said that the federal authority discards no imperative moral obligation here? Captain Rason puts the situation in a sentence when he says that "some arrangements will have to be made to get food supplied, and also to permit of these returned kanakas who have been leading a civilized life in Queensland being placed in some position where they will be enabled to live in a manner similar to the lives they have lived in Queensland, apart from their fellows," thus ensuring them security."

INVESTIGATE BALDWIN LEASES.

Vice-Speaker Knudsen of the House this morning appointed the special committee called for by resolution of Kuphea's yesterday to investigate some leases of land to Baldwin of Maui. Kuphea, Andrade and Hala constitute the committee.

FINE EASTER DISPLAY.

Easter goods of all descriptions are handsomely displayed at Sachs' store this week. Astonishing variety of pretty shirt waists and beautiful Easter Hats. Everything new and dainty.

SAVING MONEY.

The plan of the Pioneer Building and Loan Association encourages its members to make monthly savings of stated amounts—\$1.00 or any multiple of \$1.00. The odd dollars of one's income are thus put to substantial use as each dollar paid in immediately begins to earn interest. Loans made to its shareholders are paid back in monthly installments. The interest earned for 1902 was 11 1/2 per cent. Pioneer Building & Loan Association, Judd Building, Merchant street, J. L. McLean, president; A. V. Gear, secretary.

Want ads in Star cost but 25 cents.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Makes the bread more healthful.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES.

Services will be held on Good Friday in the German Lutheran Church at 11 a. m. Communion is to follow at close of service. Am Kharfreitag, den 10 ten April wird in der Deutsch-Evang. Lutherische Kirche um 11 Uhr Morgens Gottesdienst mit darauf folgendem Abendmahl stattfinden.

Our 69

A Special Shoe Bargain

Ladies' Kid Welt Boot. They have all the style, wear and comfort of a regular \$3.50 shoe.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK.

\$2.50

MANUFACTURERS' SHOE COMPANY, LIMITED

1037 FORT STREET.